A Comparison of Tower to Rooftop Monitoring and Resulting Estimated Performance

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Why Collect Data?

- To determine a site's wind resource
- To determine the economic feasibility of installing a wind turbine
- A Poorly Sited Turbine:
 - Results in an unhappy customer
 - Is bad business
 - Hurts the industry



Mick's Site











How was the data collected?

• Anemometers



• Data Loggers





Notes about the data

- Recorded to memory card
- 1 CSV (spreadsheet) file per day
- Tilt-up Tower Since Nov. 2007
- Rooftop Since Dec 2009
- Result: over 3,200 files
- More than 4.6 million rows of data...
- That's a lot of data!



Data Processing

- Reduce the data to a common working set
 - Only days with a full day's worth of data from both data loggers
 - Detect equipment problems or other possible issues such as anemometer icing
 - Anemometer A shows 20 to 30 MPH readings throughout the day
 - Anemometer B shows 0 MPH readings all day



Working with databases

- Easier to work with large quantities of data
- Example, average wind speed: mysql> SELECT ROUND(AVG(wsTower74),1) FROM towerData; Result: 10.7 (MPH)
- Possible to do more complex operations such as frequency distributions



Average Wind Speeds



Wind Speed Frequency Distribution



Ratio of Available Energy



Estimated Annual Energy Production Turbine A – 1.1m rotor diameter



Estimated Annual Energy Production Turbine B – 3.7m rotor diameter



Estimated Annual Energy Production Turbine C – 7m rotor diameter



Conclusions

- Different locations on the same property show significantly different wind resource
- You don't truly know the wind resource for a particular location without collecting data
- The results speak for themselves: Proper siting on a sufficiently tall tower is critical to wind turbine performance



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